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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO	CONFIRMATION NO
09/894,554	06/28/2001	Thomas Scholl	Mo-6427/LeA 34,702	5348
157	7590 01/29/2004		EXAMINER	
BAYER PO	LYMERS LLC		SERGENT,	RABON A
100 BAYER I			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PILL SBURG	H, PA 15205		AKI UMI	

DATE MAILED: 01/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	09/894,554	SCHOLL ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	
,		Art Unit
The second party con	Rabon Sergent	1711
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet i	with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR IT. THE MALINEO DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT Edination of the miny be available under the provinces of 37 states \$10,000 MONTHS from the miding date of this communication of the communicati	ION. JFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may rice. In reply within the statutory minimum of the pends will apply and will expire SIX (8) MC years the recommendation to become	a reply be finely filed inty (30) days will be considered timely. INTHS from the making date of this communication.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	21 October 2003.	
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)□	This action is non-final.	
 Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice un 	llowance except for formal ma nder Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	tters, prosecution as to the merits is D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-4 and 8-12 isfare pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) isfare with 5) Claim(s) isfare allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-4 and 8-12 isfare rejected. 7) Claim(s) isfare objected to. 8) Claim(s) as subject to restriction:	thdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a)		by the Everniner
Applicant may not request that any objection t		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the c		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
12 ∑ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fe a ∑ All b	ments have been received. ments have been received in a priority documents have bee sureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)), a list of the certifled copies no mestic priority under 35 U.S.C	Application No n received in this National Stage It received. . § 119(e) (to a provisional application)
since a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language.		
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for do		
reference was included in the first sentence		
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Intendew	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	(8) 5) Notice of	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Application No.

 The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained through the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter rought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 107(c), (f) or (a) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 105C. 105(a)

 Claims 1-4 and 8-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kitahara et al. ('306).

Patentees disclose the modification of a rubber by polymerizing diisocyanate with diamine in the presence of the rubber. Patentees disclose isocyanate to amine index ratios and quantities of polyurea utilized that meet those claimed by applicants, and patentees further

phrase clearly fall within the claimed range.

disclose that the rubber may be in the form of a solution. Additionally, patentees teach that the reaction product of the discoyanate and diamine forms domains having a size of several hundred angstroms in the rubber; it is noted that these domains of several hundred angstroms fall within the claimed particle sizes. See abstract; column 1, lines 66+; and column 2, lines 1-9 and 18-32.

3. Applicants' arguments have been considered; however they are insufficient to overcome the prior art rejection. Firstly, applicants have not distinguished the disclosed 'domains' from "particles", as they pertain to the instant invention. Neither evidence nor rationale has been presented to support an argument that the disclosed domains differ from particles. Furthermore, the instant claims do not specify that the polyurea filler is in the form of particles; the polyurea filler is simply described in terms of a "particle size". Secondly, applicants' argument that the phrase, "several hundred Angstroms", does not disclose the claimed particle size with sufficient specificity is not well taken. The upper value of the most narrowly claimed particle size range is 20 µm, and this value corresponds to 200,000 Å; therefore, particle sizes defined by the argued

 Claims 1-4 and 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamamoto et al. ('063).

Yamamoto et al. disclose the addition of thermoplastic polymer fibers to rubbers, so as to obtain rubber compositions having excellent strength and modulus. Patentees disclose fiber sizes that meet those of applicants' claimed particle sizes and further disclose that the short fiber may be polyurea, though other suitable species are disclosed, as well. See abstract; column 2, lines 35+; column 3, lines 32+; and column 4, lines 1-6. In view of the disclosure that polyurea is a

suitable thermoplastic polymer for use in the invention of Yamamoto et al., the position is taken that it would have been obvious to select polymera from the listing of disclosed polymers as the material for the fibers and to incorporate these polymera fibers into a rubber composition, so as to obtain a rubber composition having the aforementioned improved characteristics. Applicants' claim language does not differentiate the disclosed short fibers from the claimed polymera filter. Furthermore, since polyureas are derived from the stoichiometric reaction of polyisocyanates and polyamines, applicants' claim amendments are not considered to distinguish the claimed polyureas from the disclosed polyureas.

- 5. Applicants' argument that the rejection is moot in view of the inclusion of the subject matter of claim 7 into the independent claims, because claim 7 was not rejected in view of Yamamoto et al. is not well taken. Previously, claim 7 was dependent on claim 12, and it was the subject matter within claim 12 that was not rejected in view of Yamamoto et al.
- THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this since. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone number (571) 272-1079.

R. Sergent January 25, 2004

RABON SERGENT PRIMARY EXAMINER